



# Mr. and Mrs.

BOUTTLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. LOUETTELL, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Bouttelle & Burr and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Mr. and Mrs."

THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1886.

FOR GOVERNOR:  
JOSEPH R. BODWELL,  
OF MALLOWELL.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS:  
J. H. DODD, ———, REPP;  
S. C. T. WILSON, DINGELBY, JR.,  
TH. D. DAVIS, ———, MILITARY;  
THOMAS D. CHARLES A. BOUTTLE.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican members of the County of Penobscot will be gathered to meet by delegates in Convention on Thursday evening at Bangor.

At the city Hall, Bangor;

On THURSDAY, July 10, at 8 o'clock A.M.

To nominate candidates for three Senators, County Attorney, Sheriff, State Auditor, Register of Deeds, and two County Commissioners, and to transact any other business which may come before the Convention.

Halls—Each town and plantation has appointed a delegation to send to the Convention, the total number of which is estimated at fifty votes, another delegate, and to call a meeting of all the delegates.

Each town and plantation has appointed a total of fifty-two delegates.

Half of these will be sent delegates on the basis of the Central and Plantation Ballot.

G. W. WHITNEY, ———, County  
Chairman; FRANCIS BARKER,  
Committee; FRED SIMPSON,

Deputy Dodge.

Pub opinion it will sustain Postmaster General Vilas in his judgment that the service should be run by the postal authorities. The right to make changes for the good of the service will not be surrendered.—*Boston Globe*.

The above is simply an evasion of the real merits of the question. No one disputes the right of Postmaster General Vilas to make changes for the good of the service. What the people complain of is his absolute disregard of the service when he turns out competent and faithful clerks as he has done from the very first, to make room for Democratic politicians or their friends. He has published and re-published a proclamation to the effect that competent clerks were in no danger of removal, but, it has not amounted to the paper it was written upon. The New York *Evening Post*, a paper that has shown much in its devotion to the Administration than the *Globe*, arraigns Mr. Vilas as follows:

"We are bound to say that if a strike among public servants could ever be justifiable, it would be among the railway postal clerks, who have been harassed and treated as leeches by Mr. Vilas, who has shown an indifference to the public interest which has surely discredited his best friends. We can only expect and demand justice from the President, the Clerks' Union, or 'Brotherhood' to consider the loss and inconvenience they will inflict on the public by striking, when he has considered them so little as to let postmen take up their posts again, and the Presidents since Congress and Parliament have existed, there has not been presented to the country the methods of legislation which have been pursued in like cases since Congress and Parliament have existed, except by the President himself, and we trust that if Mr. Vilas does not feel equal to cope with it, the President will take it in hand and make an end of it."

Those Democratic organs that are so ready to sacrifice the postal clerks for talking of resigning under accorded fair treatment, on the ground that it would be an outrage to the public, do well to remember the fact that Postmaster General Vilas is the man who will be held responsible for the demoralization of the postal service, which he has used as a means of rewarding party workers.

The Do-Nothing Policy.

American fishermen will soon, if they have not already, come to the conclusion that they have rights that are entitled to the protection of our Government as now administered. We are told that the Administration is handling this question with a quiet eye, but whatever has been done by Secretary Bayard, practical results as yet are not forthcoming, and it is "certainly more than time to look for something more decisive than the mere assurance of Democratic organs that Mr. Bayard has learned of the outrage and will surely settle the difficulty in a satisfactory manner." The Canadian authorities continue to do everything in their power to embarras the American fishermen. Several of our vessels have just had fines imposed for alleged violations of the customs laws, notwithstanding the fact that Canadian vessels did violate our customs laws. It has been released and their dues remitted. If the Administration intends to do anything to protect the plain rights of our fishermen it is about time to manifest it.

A Poor Reformer.

Mr. Oberly, who graduated from a position on the Democratic State Committee in Illinois—another member of which is now dictating in the penitentiary to accept a place on President Cleveland's Civil Service Commission, is just now engaged in criticizing his Repub. Hear predecessor, when he might employ his time to better advantage by an attempted defense at least of the manner in which the law is violated by the heads of the departments and evaded by the Commission itself. The Commission has just adopted a new rule, providing that the Examining Boards at various points shall elect their chairman and secretaries each year, those officers hitherto having been appointed by the Commission. This rule, which is said to be the work of Mr. Oberly, has been voted in New York in turning out of the Custom House Board the only two members who are friendly to the law and justice in their places two avowed enemies of reform "who can and doubtless will," says that hot-head Cleveland organ, the *Advertiser*, "in a thousand ways hinder the execution of the law, either by evading it, or making it ridiculous." Mr. Oberly's appointment is a good illustration of the first weak point in the Cleveland policy, admitted by the Post, namely, the selection of a man who has no interest in the work to which he has been assigned. Had the President been forced to name the law faithfully, Mr. Oberly would not have been called from his more congenial duties as a machine manipulator to fill a place on the Civil Service Commission.

Mr. Randall's bill, which was referred to the Com. on Ways and Means, has been acted upon adversely by said committee. In summing up the effect of this bill upon the customs revenue there is a wide margin of difference between the figures of Mr. Randall and Chairman Morrison. Mr. Randall declares that the bill would reduce the customs revenues \$7,450,000, while Chairman Morrison is equally positive that the bill would increase the revenues \$7,450,000, a difference of over \$14,000,000. One or the other of the Democratic leaders must be in the wrong.

## A Mugwump Oration.

The people of Boston must have been advised by the fourth of July oration delivered by that self-satisfied young Mugwump, George Enderle Williams. It has generally been supposed that day was a fitting opportunity to review the wonderful work of the American people in building up the greatest Government in the known world, but this egotistical young man, who, in his own opinion only, is qualified to criticize what has been done in this direction, seemed to think that the day was set apart specially for the glorification of Mugwump Williams. The "great" quality characterizes the address as "arrogant nonsense." There is no way to prevent young Mr. Williams from making himself ridiculous, but the people of Boston ought not to have permitted him to make an unusual appearance of our independent institutions, by attempting an oration on that day.

The ex-rebel General Wheeler woke up the wrong customer when he visited Con-gressman Hepburn, of Lowell, in the course of his (Wheeler's) ascent up the mountain of Edwin M. Stanton. The reply of the Iowa member was not only a powerful vindication of the great War Secretary, but embodied an arraignment of the blatant ex-Confederate so railing and offensive that its object seemed to be to sink beneath the scorching prattle of his re-reading to the government that had honored him.

The President's Veto.

The Senate Committee on Petitions in its report, recommending the passage of the bill granting a pension to Major J. Notzage said:

"So great has become the number of such veterans interposed between us and our enemies past and extraordinary the censure, sometimes rudely expressed and in nearly every instance severely implied, of the action of the two Houses of Congress in their treatment of these men, none whom has escaped the weariness and generally unappreciated labor of investigating these claims, accompanied in many cases by such ridicule and evident disgust with the whole transaction, that we feel that they are justified in a brief review of the circumstances involved."

In doing this strong effort will be made to restrain a tendency of some of the members of Congress to use the language of the Constitution which would destroy these respective forms of expression which must be maintained in strict integrity, because of the importance of the several departments of the Government. It is becoming the more necessary in proportion as it is rendered the more difficult by reasons of the unjust and unexampled style in which the two Houses of Congress have conducted and expressed.

It should be the effort of the committee to get in this difficult manner, without violating the courtesies of official intercourse by imitating an example which, so far as we know, is not in existence, to secure which, we are sure, are concerned.

The committee proceeds to show that 26 per cent of the Senate bills and 30 per cent of the House bills introduced by the President have been vetoed, and says it is not insensible to the social condemnation which this brings against those responsible for the bill.

"What the people complain of is his absolute disregard of the service when he turns out competent and faithful clerks as he has done from the very first, to make room for Democratic politicians or their friends." He has published and re-published a proclamation to the effect that competent clerks were in no danger of removal, but it has not amounted to the paper it was written upon. The New York *Evening Post*, a paper that has shown much in its devotion to the Admin-istration than the *Globe*, arraigns Mr. Vilas as follows:

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A Poor Reformer.

The report envisions a copy of instructions to the Com. on Accounts of the Interior to the Committee on Petitions, as follows: "Please cause the same to be critically examined and report to this department whether, in your opinion, it is expedient to have a committee to move for the removal of the pensioner from office.

It should be remembered that in a case where objections exist they should be specifically set forth."

This indicates, the committee says, unfortunately that the President relies upon the Com. on Accounts for his facts. The report continues:

"Why the President should initiate this game of shuttlecock and peacock-ornament based upon the speech of the Commissioner of Pensions is a topic which will be left without discussion. Why the finding of the Com. on Accounts is not in accordance with the findings of the committee on the date of that date, Bills must be explained by the Committee or else it will be necessary to contract for a hearing before being presented to the Senate."

It is difficult to write in that rudimentary way upon the nature of pensions and the various grounds of compensation, exactly as public policy would require. The order of the day is this impression. It is sufficient to observe that the jurisdiction of the legislative power of this Government is larger than that of the Commissioner of Pensions, and so too in the case of almost all other departments.

But it should be remembered that in a very large number of cases the pensioner is pensioned off with a sum of money, and is pensioned verbally, as in meetings before other committees upon all public questions which can be easily explained.

It is difficult to understand why the pensioner is not paid his pension, and is pensioned off with a sum of money, and is pensioned verbally, as in meetings before other committees upon all public questions which can be easily explained.

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THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1868.

## MAINE NEWS.

## COMMENCEMENT AT COLBY.

Elected—Degrees Conferred.

WATERVILLE, July 7.—The Colby trustees elected to fill the vacancies caused by the death of Prof. C. E. Hamlin and Hon. William E. Wording, Hon. E. C. Fritz of Chelsea, Mass., and Gen. R. B. Shepherd of Skowhegan. They also voted five thousand dollars and to raise fifteen thousand by subscription to enlarge theting school at Hebron Academy. Honorary degrees conferred: A. M., D. Spear, Preceptor; Rev. H. J. White, A. D.; Rev. G. W. R. King, Washington, D. C.; Ph. D. President A. F. Chase; Buckminster Seminary; LL. D., Hon. Eugene Hale, United States Senator, Ellsworth.

The following was the order of graduation exercises:

## ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Music	
Praise	
Music	
Albert Marshall Hale	Hebron
Gladstone	
Thomas Jefferson Bangs	West Lubeck
John Eliot Thaxter	
Henry Lyman Purush	Amherst
Lamondhurst in America	
Alfred Plaisted	Waterville
Imperialism in Science	
Isaac T. Hopper	Somerville, Mass.
The Power of Mystery	
George Peabody	Deering
Nature and Her Relation	
Music	
John Burroughs	Washington
The Rights of Capital	
J. H. Ellsworth	St. Albans
The Land and Action	
Randall Johnson	Friendship
The World's Problem	
Controlling of Legacies	
Music	

## THE CHAUTAUQUA.

Interacting Meeting at Lake Chautauqua.

Address by Rev. Edward Hale.

Lake CHAUTAUQUA, July 7.—A large number of Chautauquans are at Main with their friends here assiduously to enjoy the day's festivities. "Glynn's Band of Auburn" accompanied the party and are now giving a concert. Exercises of a literary character occur later. Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., of Easton, is advertised as one of the day. Rev. J. W. Bushford of Portland, and Dr. Becknell of Boston, will also deliver addresses. The program is one of interest to the members of the society.

## The Literary Exercises.

open at 11:30 A. M., C. H. Sherrill of Auburn presiding. Prayer by Rev. George D. Lincoln of Auburn. Address to the Chautauqua Teachers' Reading Union by Prof. W. A. Stetson of Auburn. In the absence of Dr. T. W. Bicknell of Boston, Rev. J. W. Bushford of Portland, spoke relative to his coming. Friccuing meeting, (Rev. E. Hale of Boston,) delivered an oration on education, the same he will deliver at that aqua, N. Y. He referred to the fact that the board had four hundred members, who had argued that languages as taught in colleges were superfluous and confined for the thoroughness of the Chautauqua course. He discussed three points of training—had by, mentally, physically, all blend together.

Society demands so much time that we can't vote but two or three hours daily to meet improvement. In this we should choose well. Low spirits are sometimes the sign of poor training, not always the lack of physical effort. There is moral dyspepsia caused by too invaluable literature so extensively read. This he condemned. He did not attempt to discuss power of genius, but a guide for adaptability. If you love to do anything do it, it is in you will excel. Education is useless; it is a whole practice singing, as this impresses more or less profound that in spite of theory and history; experience, popular education is not necessary to the maintenance of good government or to business. To cure this moral sickness, to relieve this deadly general infirmity of the teachers of the public schools, we must be more than ever before have so silly." He appeals to Congress "against the maligned injustice of the Freedmen." Referred to the committee.

It was ordered that the Senate meet at 1 P. M. and adjourn at 4 P. M. after the call for and disposition of resolutions the time remaining until 12:30 shall be devoted to the calendar. Debate shall be limited to five minutes.

## THE HEATED TERM.

## VIRGINIA.

July 7.—The bill has been introduced for the past forty-eight hours. Several people have been prostrated from sunstroke. One victim named Hugh Flanagan died this morning.

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

A Bangor Schooner in Collision.

VINEYARD HAVEN, July 7.—Sefton Gertrude T. Crundly, Capt. Davis, 1900, of New Haven, Conn., ran ashore on J. Hommett shoal, Vineyard Sound, last night.

The boat and harbor till was temporarily laid aside, and Mr. Edmunds, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, presented on behalf of Mr. Morgan, absent on account of illness in his family, a bill and report on the winter of the Arkansaw, which was read.

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